



Essay on Diwali

Many historical, religious and mythological stories are connected after the celebration of Diwali. For this reason every year we celebrate this festival with great splendours. The most famous story after celebrating Deepawali is that on the day of the new moon of Kartik, Lord Rama of Ayodhya returned to Ayodhya after a 14-year exile, to which the people of Ayodhya welcomed him by lighting a lamp, in the darkness of Amavasya.

Even in the dark of night, the city of Ayodhya was lit up by light. The custom of celebrating the festival began from this very day. People worship Ganesh-Lakshmi and Saraswati in their houses on this day, wishing them happiness and success.

Meaning of Diwali

Deepawali is a Sanskrit term that combines the words Deep and Awali. Depth means light and Awali means line or line. In this way, Deepawali means a range of lights. Deepawali is also called the festival of light with Deepotsav. This unique celebration, held on the new moon of Kartik month, teaches people how to transition from darkness to light.

The festival is celebrated not only by Hindus, but also by Sikhs, Buddhists and Jainism for their beliefs. This sacred festival has special significance for different religions.

When do we celebrate Diwali?

Deepawali festival is one of the most important Hindu festivals. We celebrate with great pride on the day of the new moon of Kartik according to the Hindu calendar. On the day of this Mahaparva, the dark night of the Amavasya shines with countless lights. Lanterns are visible everywhere. The festival comes in mid-October or November each year. This is a festival of joy and prosperity, which lasts for 5 days, starting on the day of Mahaparva Dhanteras and ending in Bhaidooj.

How do we celebrate Diwali?

The Deepawali festival is one of the largest and largest Hindu festivals, with various events being organized in this festival. On this day, people decorate their homes in a special way and the 5-day festival starts in Dhantera and ends with the Bhai Dooj festival. In Dhanteras, Mahaparava of Deepawali begins with Dhanteras. On this Dhantera day, people bring new utensils, gold-silver items or other items to their homes by buying them.

It is believed that by buying things on Dhanteras day, money increases in the house. One day before Diwali becomes a small Diwali, people get up early, wash and worship the Sun.



People also worship Mata Lakshmi and Ganesh on Diwali day and worship Goddess Saraswati, the goddess of learning, which also has special significance on this day. After this, people performed Annakoot of Govardhan Pooja and on the last day of Deepawali, on the day of Bhai Dooj, the sisters prayed for the long life of their brother. During the Deepawali festival, great shopping excitement is evident in the markets. Offers are also available to customers at this event. Colourful schemes are arranged in various locations.

At the event, people also burn fireworks in a special way and exchange gifts with their relatives, neighbours, friends and congratulations on the occasion.

Diwali takes on a more modern approach:

While these days all festivals take on a more modern look, Diwali has likewise embraced the current form. Back in the Deepawali festival, people used to decorate their homes with clay lamps. Today, Chinese candles and lanterns have replaced those lamps. Not only this, but Deepawali has also become a festival for the display of "Shan-o-Shaukat" in modern times. People spend a lot of time in consultation, decorating the house, etc. Apart from this, explosives during Diwali cause serious damage to the environment, and there is a waste of money.

Pollution is rampant on Diwali, with far-reaching health effects. At the same time, we should all decide to plant new trees instead of firefighters and celebrate green Diwali.

CONCLUSION:

The Deepawali Festival brings new joy and happiness to everyone's life and gives impetus to living a new life.

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