

Future Tense for Class 8

Hello, kid's Today We are going to Learn **English** *Grammar Future Tense For Class* **8**. Future Tense *Definition, Example*, and *Exercise* and *Types* of *Future tense* and We'll do *future tense* practice by the Exercise/Worksheet of *Future tense* for *Class* 8? Here we have given **CBSE** *English Grammar Future tense for class* **8**.

What do you mean by tenses?

Tense is the *grammatical name*, *tenses* are the various forms of the *main <u>verb</u>*. Tenses notify us when the subject did something and how the action took place or The *tense* of a *verb* is determine the time of an action, event.

In English, we divide tense broadly into three main parts-

THE PRESENT TENSE THE PAST TENSE THE FUTURE TENSE

Now we briefly study FUTURE TENSE

Sentences that talk about the *future* or the time that has not yet come, are said to be in the *future tense*. We plan several things for the *future*.

The future tense is divided into four-time slots:

- 1. SIMPLE FUTURE TENSE
- 2. FUTURE CONTINUOUS TENSE
- 3. FUTURE PERFECT TENSE
- 4. FUTURE PERFECT CONTINUOUS TENSE

Examples of future tense for class 8

- 1. I will be back on Sunday.
- 2. We shall defeat the obstacles.
- 3. She will be dancing.
- 4. The boys are going to play cricket here.
- 5. I will bring ice cream for you.

1. SIMPLE FUTURE TENSE

It is used to talk about *an action* that place in the *future*. it describes an *action* of something or somebody shortly. '**Will**' and '**shall**' are used to *frame future sentences*. With I and We (first form), the *future* is expressed by using shall instead of will. Shall I and Shall we are used in the questions to make offers or suggestions.



The simple future tense is used to express the following:

- 1. Make a prediction
- 2. Express the speaker's views
- 3. Express offer and ask somebody to do something
- 4. Indicate a promise

Structure of Simple Future Tense

(a) Active voice: Subject + will/shall + first form of the verb

(b) **Passive voice**: Subject + will/shall + be + past participle

Formation

In Affirmative sentences, the use shall with I and we and will with *you*, *he*, *she*, *they*, *for* simple future. Subject + will/shall + first form of the verb + object/complement.

In Negative Sentences, not is added after '*will shall*'. Subject + will/shall + not + first form of verb + object/complement.

In Interrogative Sentences, place '*will*' or '*shall*' before the subject and first form of the verb after the subject. Will/shall + subject + first form of the verb + object/complement? or wh question (*how*, where, when, why, etc.) + will/shall + subject and first form of verb + object.

Examples of simple future tense for class 8

- 1. I shall go to Dubai tomorrow.
- 2. You shall get a computer.
- 3. I think Jonny will be happy to see you.
- 4. Shall we go to cape town for a summer vacation?
- 5. If Dolly works hard, she will become a Doctor.

2. FUTURE CONTINUOUS TENSE

Future continuous tense relates to the actions that have been planned or are likely to be *planned*. It is utilized to indicate an action that will be going on at some time in the *future*. *Future continuous tense* is applied to *show future* action that starts before a particular time and apparently continues after it.

The *future continuous tense* is used to express the following:

- 1. An action that will progress for a certain period of time in future
- 2. An action that is certain to happen in the future
- 3. An action that will occur as a matter of routine.
- 4. Make a prediction about something or some occurrence in the future.
- 5. An action that will be in progress at a specified time in the future.



6. A favor from someone by asking about the plan.

Structure of Future Continuous Tense

(a) Will/shall + be + first form of the verb + ing

Formation

In Affirmative Sentences, 'will be' or 'shall be' is used according to the subject, followed by a present participle (first form of the verb + ing). Subject + will be/ shall be + first form of the verb + -ing

In Negative Sentences, 'not' is introduced between 'shall', 'will' and 'be'. Subject + will/shall + not + first form of verb + ing

In interrogative Sentences, 'shall' or 'will' is placed before the subject, and 'be' follows it. will/shall + subject + first form of the verb + ing? or Wh question + will/shall + subject and first form of verb + ing?

Example of future continuous tense for class 8

- 1. We will be learning this subject in school.
- 2. What time will you be joining the music class commencing tomorrow?
- 3. John will be coming to Canada next Monday.
- 4. Will you be going to Mumbai by train.
- 5. Jenny will be feeling glad.

3. FUTURE PERFECT TENSE

The *future perfect tense* is utilized to show an action that is required to be performed by a certain time in the future. It leads to the completion of action before another action takes place in the *future*.

The future perfect tense is used to express the following:

An action that would be completed at some time in the future and is linked to another action.

Structure of Future Perfect Tense

(a) Action Voice: Subject + shall/will + have + past participle.

(b) **Passive voice**: Subject + shall/will + have + been + past participle.



Formation

In Affirmative Sentences, Use will have/ shall have according to the subject. Add the third form of the verb. Subject + will/shall + have + past participle

In Negative Sentences, 'not' come between 'shall' or 'will' and 'have'. Subject + will/shall + not + have + past participle

In Interrogative Sentences, 'shall' or 'will' comes before the subject and 'have' follows it. Will/shall + subject + have + past participle? or Wh questions + will/shall + subject + have + past participle?

Examples of future perfect tense for class 8

- 1. I shall have finished the meeting before afternoon.
- 2. Who will have selected the menu for function?
- 3. He will have earned about rupees ten thousand by July.
- 4. Kavya will have studied for three years by next month
- 5. Will she have danced for the college team.

4. FUTURE PERFECT CONTINUOUS TENSE

Future perfect continuous tense indicates an action that will be in progress over time, which will end in the future. Future perfect continuous tense is used to express the following:

An action that will be continuing for some time in the future

Structure of Future Perfect Continuous Tense

(a) Subject + shall have been/will have been + verbs + ing

Formation

In Affirmative sentences, 'will have been'/shall have been' is followed by present participle (first form of the verb + ing). Subject + will + have + been + verb (-ing)

In Negative Sentences, 'not' is introduced between 'shall'/'will' and 'have been'. Subject + will + not + have + been + verb (-ing)

In Interrogative Sentences, 'shall'/'will' comes before the subject and 'have been' follow it. Will + subject + have + been + verb (-ing)

Examples of future perfect continuous tense for class 8

- 1. Our team will have been waiting for you at the station.
- 2. She will have not been laughing at you.



- 3. I shall have been playing in the school for two years.
- 4. Garv will have been living in the society for nine years in 2011.
- 5. Will you have been cooking for two hours?

Worksheet of future tense for class 8

Fill in the blank with the correct *future* form of the given in the brackets:

- 1. The teacher _____ (visit) your society next Sunday.
- 2. Who ____ (pay) the electricity bill.
- 3. I ____(take) bath before the sun rises.
- 4. He ____ (post) the letter for Rahul.
- 5. We _____ (solve) the sums since afternoon.
- 6. <u>they</u> (live) in our house next month?
- 7. It _____ (rain) when you reach the office.
- 8. We ____ (play) cricket tomorrow evening.
- 9. I _____ (finish) the work before Saturday.
- 10. The farmer _____ (reap) the harvest before April.

Answers:

- 1. will be visiting
- 2. will pay
- 3. shall have taken
- 4. will be posting
- 5. will have been solving
- 6. will, be living
- 7. will be raining
- 8. shall be playing
- 9. shall have finished
- 10. will have reaped