

Articles for class 7 with examples, exercises, and worksheets

Definition of the article for class 7th- the words **a**, **an** and **the** are articles.

There are **two** types of articles:

1. Indefinite articles (**a** & **an**)
2. The definite article (**the**)

Difference between indefinite and definite articles:

Indefinite articles(a & an)- it does not point to a particular **person**, **an animal**, **place** to **thing**.

The definite article (the)- does point out a particular **name**, **place**, **animal**, or **thing**.

Uses of the indefinite article

1. Indefinite articles **a** and **an** are used before **countable nouns**.
2. An is used before **vowels (a,e,i,o,u)**

For example

1. **a** bat
2. **a** glass
3. **a** man
4. **a** hat
5. **a** place
6. **an** elephant
7. **an** apple
8. **an** engine
9. **an** organ
10. **an** office

2. a and an are used according to the sound of the noun. We use a when we have a **consonant** noun before we place the article

For example

1. **a** house
2. **a** matchstick
3. **a** gate
4. **a** wall
5. **a** window
6. **a** shoe

7. a cup of coffee
8. a table
9. a bag
10. a question

3. There are some exceptions of nouns that start with a vowel but we put an in front of them as an articles

For example

1. a union
2. a university
3. a one-rupee note
4. a European
5. a one-eyed person

The words like *union*, *university*, *European* start with *vowels* **e** and **u** but they have a sound of **you** in them, the sound of **you** is considered to be a consonant sound, this is the reason we used **an** in front of them.

The words like a one-eyed person and one-rupee note have **o** which is a vowel in front of them, but we still used **an** article before them because it has a sound of **woo**. **Woo** is considered as a consonant so we use an in front of them.

4. There are few exceptions, we used a for some uncountable nouns as well.

For Example

1. Nami caught a cold
2. Don't make noise students
3. What a pity Ron, after five years

5. An article is used for countable nouns which consist of vowels (a,e, l,o,u)

For example

1. an egg
2. an Oestrich
3. an envelope
4. an umbrella
5. an apple
6. an Orange
7. an ax
8. an-ink pot
9. an uncle
10. an interesting movie



All the above *nouns* are singular *countable nouns* and have a *vowel* and a *vowel* sound in them. This is the reason we used an as the article.

6. We used an in front of as well. As of now, it is considered to be in the family of vowels. When we say h, it sounds of a and o, which are articles. Now we an article in front of words which are starting with h.

For example

1. **an** hour
2. **an** honorable leader
3. **an** honest child
4. **an** heir
5. **an** herb

7. Indefinite articles are used for job occupations

For example

1. **an** engineer
2. **an** architect
3. **an** officer
4. **a** lawyer
5. **a** doctor

8. Use of an and the before adjectives

For example

1. **a** beautiful photo
2. **a** pretty dress
3. **a** unique place
4. **an** ugly person
5. **an** egg left

Articles assignment for class 7

Fill in the blanks with a and an where ever required.

1. Riya you were ____ hour late for the class.
2. ____ food was prepared by my mother.
3. Please lend me ____ one-rupee note.
4. The teacher gave him ____ easy question.
5. The child put ____ egg in ____ basket.
6. Water is ____ necessity.
7. Senior citizens are ____ important members of our society.
8. Today ____ hen laid eggs in the garden.



9. Rahul was sitting in ____ room when he got ____ idea.
10. ____ Indian girl and ____ European boy got married last week.

Answers:

1. an
2. none
3. a
4. an
5. a none
6. a
7. an
8. a
9. a, an
10. An, a

2. Definite Article

Uses of the definite article

1. When we use a **name**, **place**, **animal**, or **thing** for the first time, we use an **indefinite article**. But when the same **name**, **place**, **animal**, or **thing**, then we use the *definite article*.

For example

1. A ship sank into the ocean. **The** ship was carrying a thousand people.
2. We went to a place last night. **The** place was beautiful.
3. A cat was crossing the road. **The** cat was searching for food
4. A car was passing by. **The** car was red in color.
5. A cloth was hanging in the garden. **The** cloth flew away.

2. We use '**the**' when the person or thing is quite obvious.

1. **The** boy was running late for the class.
2. **The** cab was at the door for you.
3. **The** hotel was beautiful.
4. **The** house has not been whitewashed for long.
5. **The** cat was playing with her toys.

3. It is used before *common nouns*, which are unique in their own way.

1. **The** sky is pink
2. **The** earth has life
3. It is said after a million years **the** sun will disappear from the galaxy
4. **The** Milky Way is so beautiful
5. There are 7 billion people in **the** world

4. We use **'the'** with superlative degrees

For example

1. Burj Khalifa is **the** tallest building in the world
2. Ganga is **the** longest river
3. **The** Atlantis is the most expensive hotel
4. Asia is **the** largest continent
5. Lion is **the** king of the jungle

5. **'The'** is used before rivers, mountain ranges, valleys, groups of islands, gulfs, canals, desserts

1. **The** Alps
2. **The** Yamuna
3. **The** Indian Ocean
4. **The** Kashmir Valley
5. **The** Sahar Desert

6. It is used before the names of well-known buildings.

1. **The** leaning tower of Pisa
2. **The** Red Fort
3. **The** India Gate
4. **The** Eiffel Tower
5. **The** Gateway of India

7. **'The'** is used before holy books

1. **The** Bhagwat-Gita
2. **The** Bible
3. **The** Quran
4. **The** Ramayana
5. **The** Adi Granth

8. Before the names of countries if it contains the common noun

1. **The** United Kingdom
2. **The** United States of America
3. **The** United States of Emirates

9. **'The'** is used before *collective nouns*

1. **The** cow is worshiped in India
2. **The** army went to war today
3. **The** class was silence
4. **The** bees were collecting nectar



5. **The** blind arouse sympathy

10. It is used before ordinals

1. Neil Armstrong was **the** first man to land on the moon
2. Siana Nehwal was **the** first Indian to win Olympics
3. Sushmita Sen was **the** first Indian Miss World
4. Jack Ma is **the** first billionaire in Asia
5. The boy in **the** fifth row was not well

11. '**The**' is used before phrases like only, last and next

1. Please call **the** next boy
2. **The** only way out is to call the police
3. Mayank is sitting on **the** last bench

12. Before names of newspaper

1. **The** Hindustan Times
2. **The** times of India
3. **The** New York Times
4. **The** Indian Express
5. **The** Economic Times

Omission of indefinite and definite articles

1. We should never use 'the' with proper nouns.
2. We should never use abstract nouns (**honesty, beautiful, pretty, silence, guilty**).
3. We should never use 'the' with subjects or arts (**painting, science, commerce, English, maths**).

Exercise for articles class 7

Fill in the blanks with a, an, or the wherever required

1. ____ soldier lost ____ leg in the battle
2. July is ____ seventh month of ____ year
3. ____ fire broke out in a one-strayed house in Mumbai. ____ cost was estimated in thousands
4. It was ____ proudest moment when India won the World Cup after 46 years
5. That is ____ only building without water supply
6. ____ Bible is the holy book belonging to ____ Christians
7. ____ is the best policy
8. ____ Emirates airlines have produced a very ____ useful service to its passengers
9. Hindi is spoken by ____ Hindus
10. ____ Pari is the most intelligent girl in ____ class.

Answers:

1. a none
2. the the
3. none, the
4. the
5. the
6. Then, the
7. none
8. the none
9. the
10. none, the

Worksheet of articles for class 7th

Explain whether the sentences given below are correct. If it needs any changes to do the needful.

1. She is the Indian
2. Do you like to have tea?
3. Science is the interesting subject
4. I want to drive that car
5. She eats the orange every day
6. I need some juice
7. Who is this girl?
8. Riya has got a new laptop, but it's not windows
9. Can I take admission into a university after completing high school?
10. All the students have arrived at a decision

Answers:

1. Instead of 'the' write 'an'
2. correct
3. instead of 'the' write 'an'
4. correct
5. instead 'the' write 'an'
6. correct
7. correct
8. before 'new laptop' add 'a'
9. Instead of 'an' write 'a'
10. instead of 'an' write 'a'