

Phrases

A phrase is a one or group of word clauses that have a sense of meaning but do not contain a subject or verb in a sentence. The phrase does not complete a sentence itself.

Best friend, slowly, intelligent, is working, under, before are words to describe or act as phrases in a sentence.

Examples:-

1. He is a **bright** student.
2. **Nice to meet you**
3. **Read carefully the book.**
4. They are **going for a picnic.**
5. Emily will meet Tara **as soon as** possible.
6. They left for the train **in the morning.**
7. She is a **very smart** girl.
8. She wears a **beautiful red color** dress.
9. They **might complete the work** on time.
10. They **all smiled.**

Kinds of phrases

There are different kinds of phrases:-

1. Noun phrase
2. Adjective phrase
3. Adverb phrase
4. Prepositional phrase
5. Verb phrase

1. Noun phrase

A noun phrase is a group of words that expresses or act as a noun or function as a noun in a sentence.

The teacher, An animal, an old lady, and red color are some words that described or act as a noun phrases.

Examples:-

1. Today **the teacher** will discuss a new topic.
2. **My friends** are going to a party tonight.
3. **The cow** is drinking water.



4. **Children** are playing in the park.
5. **Mrs. Sharma** has an appointment at the clinic.
6. Yesterday I saw a **tall giraffe** in the zoo.
7. **The school** has organized an annual function.
8. **The child** is playing with a bunch of keys.
9. **The birds** are feeding their babies.
10. **An old woman** is sitting under a tree.

2. Adjective phrases

An adjective phrase is a group of words that acts as an adjective by describing nouns or pronouns.

Very cute, very smart, in the red shirt is described or acts as an adjective phrase in a sentence.

Examples:-

1. Her pet cat is **very cute**.
2. Vaibhav is a **very smart** boy.
3. Mehak **wore her favorite Redshirt**.
4. The baby **fell down** the stairs.
5. The children **are playing** cricket in the park.
6. Seema **is writing** a letter.
7. Rahul **performs well** in exams.
8. It is raining **heavily last night**.
9. She **might have** dinner together tonight.
10. The children **are laughing loudly**.

3. Adverb phrase

An adverb phrase is a group of words that act as an adverb by modifying the verb or action in a sentence. Adverb phrase always tells about how, when, where, or to what degree.

Very fast, slowly, Hard, as soon as are some words that describe or act as an adverb phrase.

Examples:-

1. Aditya ran **very fast**.
2. The children are **shouting very loudly**.
3. It rains **heavily** last night.
4. Mayank is moving **so slowly**.
5. They are going to watch a movie and shopping **on Sunday**.
6. My mother drives **so carefully** on the slippery roads.
7. The ball hit him **very hard**.
8. They **ran to cross** the road.
9. The guest is coming **in the evening**.
10. The student left **as soon as** the bell rings.



4. Prepositional phrase

A prepositional phrase consists of a preposition and a noun phrase and at present functions of an adverb or adjective in a sentence.

In the garden, under it, after, or before are some words that describe or act as a prepositional phrase in a sentence.

Examples:-

1. Mahesh is sitting **inside the car**.
2. They are on the way **to your home**.
3. The books are kept **on the table**.
4. The girls are planning to travel **around The hills**.
5. The man is sitting **near the tree**.
6. The thief jumped **through the wall**.
7. The cat is hiding **under the bed**.
8. She will call him **after a meeting**.
9. They are walking **through the tunnel**.
10. Maya worked **towards the door**.

5. Verb phrase

A verb phrase is a phrase in which they have are with the main verb to express the complete meaning of a sentence or occur alone in a sentence. They may express the time or the action done.

Have been waiting, is broken, is doing are some words which is used or act as an verb phrase in a sentence.

Examples:-

1. The children **are reading** the book.
2. Susan **is writing** a letter to her friend.
3. You all **must attend** the seminar tomorrow.
4. They **might sleep** after watching TV.
5. He **spilled water** on the floor.
6. All Children **are participating** waiting in an annual function.
7. He **has broken** his favorite flower pot.
8. They **have been waiting** for a long time.
9. She **may complete** the work in the evening.
10. The Baby **is crying** loudly.

Phrases Worksheet for class 5

Exercise: 1



Underline the phrases in the sentences below.

1. The mirror is shining so brightly.
2. The children go to sleep after dinner.
3. He met his friends at the fair.
4. The kite is flying so high.
5. The dog is sitting among the flowers.
6. There is a hut between the tree.
7. Riya saw her mother in the market.
8. She wore a beautiful necklace.
9. Day by day she is becoming very intelligent.
10. She waited for her all day long.

Answers

1. Shining brightly
2. Going to sleep after dinner.
3. Friends at the fair.
4. Flying so high.
5. Among the flowers.
6. Between
7. In the market.
8. A beautiful necklace.
9. Very intelligent
10. All day long

Exercise: 2

Identify the verb phrase in each sentence.

1. The children are having fun at the party.
2. Neha drives very carefully.
3. The students respond quickly.
4. The old woman is selling vegetables.
5. The teacher left her register on the table.
6. The boy is sitting on the chair.
7. They had completed their work in the evening.
8. She might come to the party.
9. Naina was playing kho kho with her friends.
10. She is cooking dinner for us tonight.

Answers

1. having fun at the party
2. drives very carefully
3. respond quickly
4. selling vegetables



5. register on the table
6. sitting on the chair
7. had completed their work
8. might come to the party
9. was playing kho kho
10. is cooking dinner

Exercise: 3

Identify the kind of phrase that is bold in the given sentences.

1. She **must go** to attend the seminar today.
2. There is a fight **among the boys** in the class.
3. She completes her all tasks in an **easy way**.
4. **The child** wakes up early in the morning.
5. Maya is a **well-behaved** girl.
6. She is feeding **a little cat**.
7. He talks to him in **a loud voice**.
8. Peter talks to Tom **in a Loud voice**.
9. He **apologized** to the teachers.
10. She reads **very interesting** novels.
11. The kid is playing with **a big red balloon**.
12. They are **so lazy** in doing the work.
13. These girls talked **too much**.
14. Susan ran quickly **towards** the door.
15. The sun **is hiding** among the clouds.
16. **An old lady** is sitting near my mother.
17. This dress is **too costly**.
18. They meet you **as quickly as possible**.
19. She fell down **during the rehearsals**.
20. She **had washed** all the utensils.

Answers

1. Verb phrase
2. Preposition phrase
3. Adverb phrase
4. Noun phrase
5. Adjective phrase
6. Noun phrase
7. Adverb phrase
8. Preposition phrase
9. Verb phrase
10. Adjective phrase
11. Noun phrase
12. Adjective phrase



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13. Adverb phrase
14. Preposition phrase
15. Verb phrase
16. Noun phrase
17. Adjective phrase
18. Adverb phrase
19. Preposition phrase
20. Verb phrase

