



Conjunctions for Class 3, Explanations, Types, Examples and Worksheets With Free PDF

Here, we are going to explore the conjunctions for class 3 with reference to Definition, explanations, Types, examples, and a few worksheets of conjunctions at the end. Moreover, you can get access to a free pdf download of conjunctions for class 3.

So, firstly let's begin with the definition of *conjunctions*:

Conjunction Definition

A conjunction is a word or phrase that connects words sentences, adjectives, and phrases together. Generally, conjunctions are the words that connect two sentences and made them helpful in writing and [speaking](#). Conjunction helps to make a sentence short and less repetitive.

Conjunction Explanation

Here few examples are given below with explanations to understand conjunction better:

- I like to eat bread with butter.

(Here '**with**' is a conjunction that connects two words **bread and butter**)

- A mixture of red and blue makes purple color.

(Here '**and**' is a conjunction that connects two words **red and blue**)

List of Conjunctions

Here is the list of common conjunction given below:

- And
- But



- Or
- So
- Because
- However
- After
- Since
- During
- Than
- Unless
- That
- While
- Thus
- Therefore
- Thereafter
- Meanwhile
- Later
- Firstly
- Gradually
- Another
- Whomever
- Whatever
- Whereas
- Briefly
- Besides
- Equally
- Before
- Since
- Similarly
- Soon
- Yet
- Now
- Nor
- Later
- Actually
- Afterward
- Why
- How
- Until
- Till



Conjunction Examples

Let's discuss some examples of conjunctions:

1. I have two pens **and** a pencil.
2. I like to eat simple rice **with** pulses.
3. Rita loves to visit the zoo **when** she was a small child.
4. I want to play cricket **but** there is raining outside.
5. I will come with you **wherever** you will go.
6. The teacher was left **when** Rita's parents reached the school.
7. I want to visit Jammu this November **so** I would need some woolen clothes.
8. You can submit your homework **until** the next bell rings.
9. She can either go to Himachal **or** Jammu.
10. I am a Hindi native speaker **but** I can speak **both** Hindi **and** English.

As, we can see, with, when, but, wherever, when, so, until, or, but and both mentioned above are examples of conjunction as they connect two words or sentences together.

Conjunction Types

Mainly there are three types of conjunctions listed below:

1. Coordinating conjunctions
2. Subordinating conjunctions
3. Correlative conjunctions

Let's discuss each of them in detail:

1. Coordinating Conjunctions

Coordinating conjunctions are such as and, for, or nor, etc. generally coordinating conjunctions are used to join two sentences, nouns, verbs, and phrases. It is useful when writing compound sentences and in expressing different ideas and concepts.

There is a list of coordinating conjunctions written below:



- For
- And
- No
- But
- Or
- Yet
- So

They can be summarized in short form such as **(FANBOYS)**

Here are some examples of coordinating conjunctions written below:

1. I want to go abroad **for** higher studies.
2. I would like to have bread **and** butter for breakfast.
3. **No**, I can't deal with this.
4. I have my own work **but** I will help you to prepare your project.
5. Ram hasn't reached his home **yet**.

Before proceeding to other types of conjunctions there you need to solve the worksheet of coordinating conjunctions for class 3 in which you are required to write the appropriate conjunctions in each sentence given.

Worksheet of Coordinating Conjunctions

Here you need to put the appropriate conjunctions **(and, but, or, so, yet, for, no)** in the following sentences written below:

1. it's raining outside, we will need an umbrella.
2. Rita tried hard to make food; she couldn't make it delicious as her mother.
3. If you want to visit Jammu, you can drive car, you can book a flight.
4. I bought two pairs of shoes; we can wear them to tonight's party.
5. The time is not enough, I will make a way.
6. I went to buy a phone cover; the shop did not have that in stock.
7. Rita is a good student, this time he didn't get good marks.
8. Ram has my book, I asked him to return it.



9. I would like to have bread, butter in breakfast.

10. I am going to school, that I could gain knowledge.

Answers

1. it's raining outside **so** we will need an umbrella.

2. Rita tried hard to make food **but** she couldn't make it delicious as her mother

3. If you want to visit Jammu, you can drive a car **or** you can book a flight.

4. I bought two pairs of shoes **so** we can wear them at tonight's party.

5. The time is not enough **but** I will make a way.

6. I went to buy a phone cover **but** the shop did not have that in stock.

7. Rita is a good student **but** this time he didn't get good marks.

8. Ram has my book **so** I asked him to return it.

9. I would like to have bread **and** butter for breakfast.

10. I am going to school **so** that I could gain knowledge.

2. Subordinating conjunctions

Subordinating conjunctions are such as then, whether and since etc. generally subordinating conjunctions are used to connect independent words or sentences with dependent words or sentences.

Here is the list of subordinating conjunctions written below:

- Than
- Whether
- As
- Till
- Until
- Although
- After
- When
- Since



- Once
- While
- Though
- If
- Where

Here are some examples of subordinating conjunctions

1. I want to say **that** I will pursue my further studies abroad.
2. I believe ram **because** he is an honest person.
3. I would feel pleasure **if** I can turn your sadness into happiness.
4. Rita is much better **than** ram.
5. Do not move **until** I command you to move.

Before we proceed to another concept you need to solve the worksheet on subordinating conjunctions for class 3 where you need to fill up the space with correct subordinating conjunctions in each sentence.

Worksheet of Subordinating Conjunctions

Here you need to fill the blank space with the appropriate subordinating conjunctions in each sentence given below:

1. Ram was not happy _____ he gets scolded for his bad academics. **(because, if)**
2. Rita was talking with her friends _____ the teacher was teaching **(while, but)**
3. Himachal was always the place _____ I wants to go to on weekends. **(when, where)**
4. _____ I clear the entrance exam then I will get admission to the top university. **(Even, if)**
5. You don't move from here _____ I come. **(until, if)**
6. I need to change my address in records _____ last week I got shifted to another place. **(but, because)**
7. _____ you succeed to convince one buyer then you will get a commission. **(If, Where)**
8. Rita has already left the house _____ I went to meet her. **(if, before)**
9. I am waiting for her _____ morning **(since, but)**



10. I want to go abroad _____ I don't have a visa (**but, even**)

Answers

1. Because
2. While
3. Where
4. If
5. Until
6. Because
7. If
8. Before
9. Since
10. But

3. Correlative Conjunctions

Correlative conjunctions are such as both, neither, and either, etc. generally correlative conjunctions are used to coordinate two different sentences and words of the same value. It pairs two sentences.

Here is the list of correlative conjunctions written below:

- Either____Or
- Not ____but
- Neither____nor
- *Both____and*
- *Whether____or*
- *Just as____so*
- *The____the*
- As____as
- *As much____as*
- No sooner____then
- *Rather____than*
- *Such____that*

Here are some examples of correlative conjunctions given below:



1. Speaker needs to manage **both** speaking **and** writing while delivering a speech.
2. I want to visit **either** Jammu **or** Himachal this weekend.
3. Rita likes **neither** chocolate **nor** ice cream.
4. Do you know **whether** we would have a night out **or** we will stay here?
5. Ram is **not only** good in academics **but also** a national champion.
6. Rita is **such** an intelligent girl **that** I don't have to put more effort to make her understand concepts.

Worksheet of Correlative Conjunctions

Here you need to fill up the blank space with suitable correlative conjunctions:

1. _____ Ram _____ raman wants to go to Jammu this weekend.
2. _____ me _____ her knows about the vacation plan.
3. _____ me _____ rita will get punishment for not completing homework on time..
4. _____ ram _____ sohan were my best friends in school time.
5. The teacher has to keep attendance of every child to record _____ students are attending classes _____ not.
6. Ram _____ maintain his physical health _____ he also maintain mental health
7. Put your creativity _____, _____ you can in this project.
8. _____ I will go to Mumbai _____ Bangalore this month.

Answers

1. Both, and
2. Neither, nor
3. Both, and
4. Both, and
5. Whether, or
6. Not only, but
7. As much, as
8. Either, or

